THE MAN.

NO. 89—VOL. II. NEW YORK, AUGUST 29, 1834. PRICE ONE CENT.

FOR "THE MAN."

New York, Augt. 21, 1834.

Dear Sir—As the Editor of the most independent paper that I ever read, not excepting even "Billy Cobbetts," and as an admirer of your consistent course since you displayed your firmness and attachment to *Principle* in not changing the nomination at the head of your paper at the time of the proposed wish of your friends, from Johnson to Van Buren, I now would be pleased and hope it may *please* the *party* to which I have *always* unflinchingly belonged since the "Wooster-street Meeting," if you would give this an insertion. I attended the 13th Ward Meeting last night, in which ward I reside, to see if any of the resolutions would be for the *true interests* of the *Working Men*. But, as they did not *exactly* suit my ideas and as 4-5ths of the meeting were Mechanics, of whom Mr. Flannagan and others addressed the meeting *handsomely and forcibly*, but did not allude to doing business "with the big auger," I took the opportunity (as the time was fitting) to offer this Resolution :

Resolved, That as good Jackson Men, and in favor of his *hard money* system, *we will not* support any candidate for office who will not *pledge* himself to use his best endeavors to prohibit the circulation of all Bank Bills under Five Dollars, as the first step to restore our National Currency.

Which resolution was to be added to the rest WITHOUT A SINGLE DISSENTIENT VOICE. By publishing the above you will let my friends know that I am ready heart and hand to promote the *true interests* of the "Farmers, Mechanics, and other Working Men."

Yours, Respectfully,

THOMAS S. WALSH, Jur.

We had concluded not to publish the above, presuming that the resolution would appear among the proceedings of the meeting, as published. A subsequent note from Mr. Walsh, however, informs us that the resolution was *not* published : we therefore think it no more than right that the fact of the suppression should be made known. It behooves the officers of the meeting to explainthe matter.—Ed.

BANK TYRANNY.

"The following is, says the National Gazette, an authentic copy of a Resolution adopted in May last, by the General Committee of all the Banks in the City of Augusta, Georgia. How many houses have been thus put under the ban of the State Banks at Augusta, we do not know, but we have heard of three who have recently been thus outlawed."

"This is one of the fruits of the 'experiment.' Will the people submit to be thus dictated to ? Will they not preserve the Bank of the United States to protect them from such combinations."

The above are remarks by Mr. Lang of the New York Gazette on the iniquitous resolutions which follow ; but what a strange remedy he proposes ! To get rid of a number of small insolent robbers by putting ourselves into the power of a robber, more powerful than all the little ones combined ! Away with such idiotic advice, to barter our liberty for rags ! Away with the contemptible slavery the rag-aristocracy has involved the community in ! Away with that base spirit that can fall down and worship a golden calf its own hands have set up ! Let us cling to the constitution which decrees a money that does not depend for its value on the breath of a few speculators, or the successful issues of schemes of commercial or legislative gamblers ; but a money whose value has been guaranteed by the laws of nature itself, for thousands of years.

Here is the first link of the chain the audacious bank lords of Georgia are preparing for their white slaves :

"Resolved, That the account of any person or firm dealing in Exchange, who shall draw specie directly or indirectly from any Bank in this city, when such person or firm can obtain funds on the North, or on Charleston, S. C., at a premium of not more than one half per cent., or funds on Savannah at a premium of not more than one fourth of one per cent. shall be stopped at all the Banks of the City as soon as the General Committee shall be satisfied of the fact.

"And when the account of any person or firm shall have been closed, under this resolution, notice thereof shall be given by the Secretary of this Committee to the several Banks of Georgia ; and if after such notice, either of said Banks shall afford the said person or firm, facilities for making specie calls upon either of the Banks of Augusta, the latter will from that time require specie settlements from the Bank or Banks affording such facilities."

Will the boasted "*spirit*" of the South put up with this ? Are they prepared for such dictation from a band of Ragmen to whom they themselves have breathed the breath of corporate life ? This outrage on liberty I believe is worse than any thing that dare be attempted on the "dough faces" of the North at the present time, by their paper nobility. Well was it said by the greatest writer that stirred up men's minds during our revolution, "Banks become the Gods of their leaders!"

FOR "THE MAN."

Mr. Evans—I observed in the Man of the 17th an extract from the Times, in which a correspondent of that print gives the materials of which the modern "*wigs*" are composed. I perfectly agree with that writer with regard to every surviving member of the Hartford Convention, and every approver of that traitorous assemblage belonging to the "wig" party ; but let us examine the *other* materials of which the party is composed. First in order comes the Bank renegade of $52,000 notoriety, the legitimate father of this parti-colored bantling, and the humble supporter and devoted mouthpiece of the Bank of the United States. Next in order comes the old federalists of '98 and Hartford Convention "bluelights," with Daniel Webster for their champion,—he who thought it "unbecoming a religious and moral community to rejoice at our victories" over our British foes : who, at the inauguration of Josiah Quiney as president of the Harvard College, drank "to the surviving members of the Hartford Convention." Next come the High Tariffites, who would force every citizen to pay an advance of 100 per cent on every article of wearing apparel with which he protects himself from summer's heat and winter's cold, for the benefit of a few overgrown manufacturing monopolies ; this interest has that arch intriguer Henry Clay for its leader. Lastly come the directly opposite of the above named parties, the Nullifiers of the South ; they who were ever ready to make "war to the knife" with every principle of the old federalists and Hartford Convention junto ; they who would plunge our happy country in all the horrors of a civil war, rather than submit to the measures of the High Tariffites ; who have ever contended that any Bank of the United States was unconstitutional and inexpedient ; they, marshalled under their reckless and disappointed leader John C. Calhoun, are now on terms of perfect agreement with their former political adversaries—thus forming an amalgamation of interests and a triumvirate of leaders in our Senate, not less contradictory, but we trust less formidable in its effects, than the ancient Roman triumvirate, which caused the overthrow of that once powerful republic. It rests with the Democracy of our country to decide whether a party composed of such discordant materials, such an amalgamation of opposites, shall succeed, or whether the issue of the coming elections shall give them their final quietus, and resolve them back into those discondant materials of which they were originally composed. A DEMOCRAT.

BEAUTIES OF MONOPOLIES.

The Philadelphians, it appears, are exceedingly annoyed at the difficulties which exist in the transportation on the Chesapeake and Delaware Canal, and which, it is probable, are likely to continue for some time. It seems that the Canal Company were indebted to Mr. John Randel to a large sum of money, and that he has lately obtained, in the courts of Delaware, a judgment against the Company to an amount exceeding $220,000.

The captains of vessels, on entering the canal, pay the lawful toll to the agent of the company ; but they find that, when coming within the limits of the state of Delaware, they are subject to the payment of the same amount to the agent of Randel, who it appears, has adopted this course to obtain the payment of his claim. The legal authority of the mode pursued by Randel does not appear to be questioned, and the consequence is that all vessels are subject to the imposition of *double tolls*, with which, it seems, those who have heretofore passed the canal are much and justly dissatisfied. The consequence of this imposition is, that the number of vessels passing through the canal is daily lessening, and in a short time, or so soon as the heavy expenses to which the captains are subject becomes generally known, the passage through the canal will almost if not entirely cease. The difficulty which exists between the parties is not entirely adjusted, and we understand that so soon as the present one may be arranged, there are similar obstructions likely to spring up to retard the transportation on the canal.—*Balt. Gaz.*

CONTENTS OF A SHARK.—Some fishermen fishing in the river Thames, near Poplar, with much difficulty drew into their boat a shark, yet alive, but apparently very sickly ; it was taken on shore, and being opened, in its belly were found a silver watch, a metal chain, and a cornelian seal, together with several pieces of gold lace, supposed to have belonged to some young gentleman who was unfortunate enough to have fallen overboard ; the body and other parts had either been digested or otherwise voided ; but the watch and gold lace not being able to pass through it, the fish had thereby become sickly, and would in all probability very soon have died. The watch had the name of the maker, "Henry Watson, watchmaker, No. 1369," and the works were very much impaired. On these circumstances being made public, Mr. Henry Watson, London, watchmaker, in Shoreditch, recollected that about two years ago he sold the watch to Mr. Ephraim Thompson, of Whitechapel, as a present to his son, on going out on his first voyage, on board the ship Polly, Capt. Vane, bound to Coast and Bay ; about three leagues off Falmouth, by a sudden keel of the vessel, during a squall, Master Thompson fell overboard, and was no more seen. The news of his being drowned soon after came to the knowledge of his friends, who little thought of hearing any thing more concerning him. Mr. Thompson is said to have purchased the shark, to preserve it as a memorial of so singular an event. It is the largest ever remembered to have been taken up in the Thames, being from the tip of the snout to the extremety of the tail nine feet three inches, from the shoulder to the extremity of the body, six feet one inch, round the body in the thickest part six feet nine inches, the width of the jaw, when extended, seventeen inches ; it had five rows of teeth, consequently was five years old, having an additional row every year, till it arrives at full growth.—*Annual Register.*

Mr. Pitt being in company with the late Dutchess of Gordon, who spoke the Scotch dialect in the broadest manner, she told him that some of her family had gone to France, and was asked by him why she was not of the party. She said in answer, "that it was very awkward to be in a country, and not know the language." "Why," said Pitt, "your grace has not found any such inconvenience in England."

FRIDAY MORNING, AUGUST 29.

☞ Our carrier for the Eighth Ward was unable to serve his route yesterday in consequence of an attack of the Cholera, from which, when we heard from him, he had not recovered sufficiently to enable him to make out his list of names. We will regulate the matter as quick as possible.

THE CHOLERA.

BOARD OF HEALTH.

August 28—12 o'clock at noon.

City practice generally - - -	13 deaths
Duane street Hospital - - -	9
Bellvue - - - - -	4
Total deaths - - - - - -	26

TRADES' UNION NATIONAL CONVENTION.

FOURTH DAY.

The Convention met at 9 o'clock, pursuant to adjournment. The minutes of the last meeting were read and approved.

The Convention adjourned to 3 o'clock P. M. to give the Committees time for action.

3 o'clock, P. M.

The Vice President took the chair, the President being absent through indisposition.

Mr. Richard Sharp, from the Journeymen Tailors' Society of Brooklyn, presented his credentials and was received as a member.

Mr. Farrell, from the committee to draft resolutions on the social, civil, and intellectual condition of the working classes, reported a preamble to the proposed resolutions, which was adopted unanimously.

Mr. English, from the Committee to draft a Constitution for a National Trades' Union, reported the draft of a Constitution. The report was accepted, and, on motion, it was resolved that each article of the Constitution be taken up seperately.

Mr. English asked leave of abscence, on the plea of indisposition. Leave was granted, and Mr. Crossin was chosen Recording Secretary pro tem.

The different articles of the Constitution were then taken up separately, and all were unanimously adopted, with very little discussion. The Constitution as a whole was then adopted unanimously.

Mr. Schenck, from the committee upon preparing a statement of the measures to be adopted to prevent a reduction of wages, and to establish a proper number of hours for labor, make the following report:

The Committee upon preparing a statement of the measures to be adopted, to prevent a reduction of wages, and secure a proper number of hours for labor, after mature deliberation, beg leave to report. It appears to your Committee that the most effectual step to be taken for the accomplishment of the first purpose named, and, in fact, for the general benefit of the laboring classes, is the formation of Trades' Unions all over the country, thereby promoting a concerted action in every branch of Mechanical business by an interchange of feeling and a just understanding of the difficulties under which each may labor.—The Unions should, in the opinion of your Committee, be connected with each other in every section of the country:—the result of which will be the dissemination of correct information from one district to another, and from one trade to another;—preventing a surplus of hands in any department of business, and securing to all steady employment and just wages. With regard to the number of hours to constitute a day's labor, your committee apprehend that no recommendations are necessary from this Convention as a body—the separate trades can regulate this business with less risk of discontent. They are the more convinced of the utility of this measure, by reas n of the uncertainty of fixing a general rule for all parts of the country.

HOWARD S. SCHENCK,
JOHN FARRELL,
JAMES JEFFERS,
F. T. S. PARSONS,
J. SMITH,

On motion of Mr. Townsend, it was

Resolved, That it be recommended to the different Trades' Unions, that every member of any Union composing the National Union be considered a member of the several Unions, on his producing, within sixty days from its date, a certificate from the trade to which he belonged that he was a member in full standing, and had paid up all his dues, both to his trade and to the Union.

It was moved and carried that an Election of Officers of the National Trades' Union now take place, and Messrs. Douglass, Gillespie, and Jeffers were appointed Judges of the Election.

The Convention then proceeded to elect officers according to the Constitution.

Mr. Moore was the only candidate nominated for President, (Mr. English having declined,) for which office he received 20 votes and Mr. Townsend 1, and was declared elected.

Messrs. Hammatt, Farrell, Scott, Townsend, Schenck, Douglass, and Hogan, were nominated for Vice Presidents; Messrs. Townsend and Douglas declined. On the first ballot there was no choice; on the second ballot the vote stood as follows:

	1st V. P.	2d V. P.
Hammatt,	14	7
Scott,	7	1
Farrell,	3	9

Mr. Hammatt was declared elected as the First, and Mr. Farrell as the Second Vice President.

Mr. English was the only candidate nominated for Recording Secretary, (Messrs. Parsons and Schenck having declined.) He received 25 votes and was elected.

Messrs. Commerford, Short, and Schenck were nominated for Corresponding Secretary. Mr. Short declined. Commerford received 19 votes out of 23, and was declared elected.

Messrs. Lyon, Crosson, Parsins, and Short were elected the Finance Committee.

Leave was given to the joint committee on the address and resolutions to add one to their number.

On motion of Mr. English, a committee of three was appointed to inquire after the health of the President.

Adjourned till 9 o'clock this morning.

THE MAMMOTH BANK—again.—On Wednesday last a gentleman of this city, named Smith, with $200 in bills of the U. S. Bank in his pocket, proceeded to the Branch Bank, and politely requested the teller to give him half or whole eagles for it, as he wanted some for a particular purpose. He was refused, and told they had no gold there; but that he might have the amount in small silver change. Not wishing to encumber himself with $200 worth of sixpences, shillings, and quarters, he respectfully declined the offer. He was then told he had better apply to the Mechanics' Bank for what he wanted. After going to the City Bank and getting the U. S. Bank bills exchanged for city bills, he proceeded to the Mechanics' Bank with $100, and at his request the amount wes instantly given him in half eagles. Taking the other $100 to the bank of America, he was without hesitation accommodated with the like sum in the genuine Jackson coin. Thus it appears that the Mammoth, with all its parade of gold and silver in its vaults, cannot or will not redeem its bills in the constitutional tender of our country, unless the holders of them will consent to be imposed upon by a bag full of change that it would take him two or three hours to count.

LITERARY.—R. Bartlett, of the firm of Bartlett & Raynor, No. 76 Bowery, yesterday preferred an accusation against Matthew T. Dunbar, whom he accused of procuring ten volumes of books from the Circulating Library of that firm, in November last, under pretence of reading them, and pawned them with a broker for his own use and benefit—which broker [!!] gave Mr. Bartlett information of the fact. A warrant was issued for the arrest of Dunbar;—he was brought up, and held to bail to answer the charge.

HYDROPHOBIA.—A very alarming case of this horrid malady has been communicated to us, that at first seemed almost incredible from the fact that the ill-fated victim was, three days ago, not only in apparent good health, but his mind unusually tranquil, and in conversation with his friends it was remarked that those mental abernations and paroxysms of the brain to which he was subject, seemed to have entirely subsided. Alas! how fleeting, how transitory are our brightest hopes. The "son-in-law of an Irish man" is *mad!!* James Watson Webb, the gay, the chivalrous, the modest, the unassuming Webb, who only wanted to "kill two or three hundred of the damned Irish"—is *mad!* There is no such thing as concealing it longer from the public—his friends have imprudently permitted him the use of pen and ink, and he has communicated to the world, with his own hand, and in his own paper, the dreadful fact. Here it is:

"Let them not be longer deceived—there is a bold and treasonable plot aimed at the liberties of the country, and so certain as *Jackson-Van Burenism* and its Tory principles *is* not put down at the approaching contest, so certain is it, that if we would be free and transmit unimpaired to our posterity the institutions we inherited from our revolutionary sires, it will be necessary to appeal to *arms* for their protection and preservation."

This is a case that requires the immediate interference of the proper authorities, and the *mad* man should be put in charge of determined but humane keepers, who will treat the patient tenderly, but not suffer him to run at large to the imminent danger of himself and children, and unprotected *females* that might come in his way.

☞ We understand an express has been sent for Dr. Biddle of Philadelphia.

IMPORTANT FACTS.—We mention it as a fact which, though but limitedly known, is of universal interest, that the Revised Statutes provide that "The witnesses to any will, shall write opposite to their names their respective places of residence; and any person who shall sign the testator's name to any will by his direction, shall write his own name as a witness to the will. Whoever shall neglect to comply with either of these provisions shall forfeit FIFTY DOLLARS, to be recovered by any person interested in the property devised or bequeathed, who shall sue for the same."

EXTENSIVE ROBBERY.—On Tuesday night last the jewelry store of Peter P. Hayes, Poughkeepsie, was broken open and robbed of jewelry, watches, silver-ware, &c. to the amount of $1000. In their haste the robbers left behind them instruments for picking locks, a crowbar, compass saw, butcher knife, pocket lights, &c. No trace of the robbers has as yet been obtained. A reward of fifty dollars is offered for their apprehension.

MORE GOLD.—The Manhattan Bank in this city day before yesterday received between one and two hundred thousand dollars in Gold, from the United States Mint.

CHOLERA.—No less than *nine* applications for coffins for indigent persons deceased of the Cholera, were made at the Alms House yesterday, between 5 and 10 A. M.

THE PALMYRA RIOT.—The Lyons Argus says:—Since the outrage, active and efficient measures have been taken to prevent any further disturbances, and to ferret out and to bring to punishment those who were engaged in the one already committed. It is believed that these measure will be successful.

We understand that three colored pesons have already been examined, two of whom have been committed for want of bail; the other has given bail for his appearance at court. Several others are under arrest for being concerned in the riot, and two for perjury on the examination of one of the persons concerned.

MYSTERIOUS.—A person called on us on Saturday morning, and mentioned the following circumstance —On Tuesday evening, a colored man gave notice that a white man was robbing another on Almond street wharf. Immediately several persons ran to the place, and found a man with his throat cut, his head bruised, and stripped of all his outer clothes; and a person was observed to run from the place and take refuge in an adjoining yard, he was compelled, however, to rerteat thence and jumped into the dock; here, after several attempts to dive and hide himself. he was taken. He had on the pantaloons of the wounded man, and as he was without coat, it is supposed that he had thrown, into the water the other clothes taken, as his own was subsequently found stowed in his own hat.

While the arrest of this man was going on two men were seen to take up the wounded person, and lead and carry him towards the wharf, his course could be traced by blood on the pavement for about 20 feet, and then all traces of him were lost; what became of him is not known. The man arrested was committed to prison it is stated to us; and this is all that is known of an affair that seems to be unusually mysterious.—*Philad. U. S. Gazette.*

THE BALLOON ASCENSION IN BOSTON.—Mr. Durant anticipated his time yesterday, and twenty-five minutes before five, cut the cords which bound him to the earth and ascended in beautiful style. When he first arose, the wind was very light, and he seemed to ascend almost perpendicularly; when he had gained the height of about a mile, (as near as we could judge) he commenced descending rapidly, and notwithstanding he discharged several bags of ballast, he descended within about fifty roads of the earth—he then commenced ascending a second time, when the balloon took a W. N. W. course. In about fifteen minutes from his second ascension, he commenced descending a second time—and subsequently ascended a third time.

He was in plain sight from the common, during the whole voyage, and his progress was eagerly watched by a very large number of spectators, who thronged the common, walls, and the house tops, in the vicinity.

All things considered, the last accent was, if possible more beautiful than its predecessor. The direction and strength of the wind upon the former occasion, excited the fears of the spectators for the safety of the Æronant, and at the same time carried him very rapidly from them. The ascent, yesterday, did not seem to be accompanied by much danger, and the apparent ease with which Mr. Durant managed his ærial packet in its ascent and decent inspired strong confidence in his ultimate safety.

We are happy in being able to state, that the amphia-theatre was well filled by the elite and beauty of the city.

P. S.—We learn from the Bulletin Board of the Mechanic's Reading Room, that Mr. Durant descended in perfect safety at a quarter past five o'clock, about thirty rods from Mount Auburn, and four miles and a half from the city. He arrived at the Tremont House, at six o'clock, precisely, with his balloon, car, instruments &c. At the time of Mr. D's ascension, the wind was east, but he found an upper current of air blowing directly west, to prevent entering which, he was forced to let off gas and descend several times.—*Boston Post.*

ESCAPE OF A LION.—Howes' New York Menagerie was in this town last week. The keeper's familiarity with the Lions and Tigers when enclosed with them in their cages, is hardly safe business after all. Few men have the nerve deliberately to "beard the lion in his den," and rarely, since the days of Sampson, do we find one possessing hardihood to wrestle single handed with him. Week before last, when this Menagerie was at Chickopee Factory, one of the Lions escaped from his cage. The pavilion had been erected and every thing was in readiness for the exhibition to commence. At this moment when only the attendants were present, they were terrified at the sight of one of the lions among them. The bars of his cage had incautiously been left loose and he had liberated himself. Without a moment's hesitation, the keeper, Mr. Whiting, approached him in a fearless and resolute manner, seized him by the throat, struck him violently with his whip and literally dragged this ferocious beast of the forest back into his cage! The other keepers looked on with terror and dismay, admiring the fearless and undaunted courage of that man, who dared *wrestle with a Lion!—Northampton Courier.*

POLICE.

(Reported for the Man.)

THURSDAY MORNING, 4 o'clock.

James Brooks, Robert Reynolds, and *Joseph Crook*, were put to the bar. Brooks was detected by Jacob Brown, a watch man, in pulling down the fence of the Washington Parade ground, and taken in custody by him. Two other men were standing near at the time, who came up, and ordered Brown to release the prisoner. Brown refused: whereupon one of them struck him on the back of the neck, which felled him. He got on his feet again, and received a second blow which brought him again to the ground. Brown now cried for assistance, when the two assailants ran, and succeeded in escaping. During the fracas Brown had maintained his hold on his prisoner, and brought him safely to the watch house. Brooks was then questioned as to the persons who attempted to rescue him; but he denied any knowledge of their names, and only knew that one was a stone worker and the other an iron founder. He had not long been in confinement when *Crook* came to the watch house, and enquired for Brooks. They held some conversation together, when Crook went off and returned in a few minutes with Brook's cap, which had been lost in the affray. Reynolds accompanied Crook on his second visit; and their appearance answering so well the description left of the assailants, the captain of the watch detained them. When brought up they gave their names as above, Crook stating his occupation to be that of a stone worker, and Reynolds that he was an iron founder. They both denied any participation in the affair at the Parade ground; but the magistrate considered he had sufficient evidence to the contrary to warrant him in requiring them to find bail for their appearance at the Sessions, in the sum of $500, and in default thereof he committed them to Bridewell.

Martin Murray, was detected last night by James McKee, a hackman of Mr. Beach's in Anthony street, cutting and otherwise mutilating a handsome carriage, the property of Mr. Beach. When McKee nabbed him, Murray offered him $5 to let him go. Committed.

Kate Smith and *Eliza Allingham* a brace of Amazons brought from the Five Points drunk, fighting and tearing each others hair and clothes like wild cats. Each accused the other of beginning the fight. They were sent to Bridewell to settle the dispute as they might.

Thomas Sullivan, was yesterday discharged from the service of Mr. Walker 350 Broadway, got very drunk and landed in the watch house. Fined 6 cents and costs; no money, commited.

William Manks, Broker, No. 32 Park Row, was taken from the street last night beastly drunk.

Mag.—Manks, didn't I fine you $2 awhile ago for a similar offence; and did'nt you neglect to pay it, after pledging me your honor you *would* pay it?

Manks.—No sir; I did pay Capt. Swain *Five Dollars*, which you fined me.

Mag.—No, no; but *another* time, when you was fined $2, did you ever pay it?

Manks.—Yes sir: I served my five days out in Bridewell.

Mag.—Well, its fortunate for you that the watchman who brought you in is not here to appear against you. You can go.

Manks.—Thank you sir.

William Robinson, a lad of 16, lately of the schr. Comet, of Philadelphia, was detected stealing from the house of Mrs. Lockwood, in Greenwich st. He came there last evening in company with a girl named Jane Welch, whom he said he came across near Clinton Market, who asked him to accompany her to Mrs. Lockwood's, where she was going to get something. They were detected by a servant—Jane with a bundle of clothing, and William with a pair of boots. Jane made her escape over a back fence, but her companion was secured, brought to the watch house, and committed to Bridewell, Two house keys and a trunk key were found upon him.

Richard Davidson, alias *James Humphrey*, alias *James McMurray*, was detected by the mate of the schr. Sally, stealing two mariner's compasses from that vessel last night. He had obtained leave to sleep on board, and took this means to repay the kindness. Committed.

Thomas Coleman, 228 Rivington street, brought in on complaint of Thomas Moore, a resident of the same house, for disorderly conduct of himself and family. Promised to leave the premises before night, and discharged.

Thomas McCarty, a little vagrant 7 years old, found sleeping under stoops. Sent to the Alms House.

Robert Sawyer, seaman, stops at the sign of the Light House, Water street, got boozy last night; walked out; overhauled a woman; first loved and then fought her, and tore her clothes. Committed.

SAD ACCIDENT.—The Cincinnati Intelligencer, of the 19th inst, says—"On Friday evening, at 11 o'clock the steam boat *Nimrod*, struck on a heap of stones in the river about twenty miles below Portsmouth, and broke her steam pipe, in consequence of which the following persons were scalded, some of them to death:—Augustus Fromid, wife and child, dead; they were citizens of Hamilton, Butler county, Ohio. John Botes', from Wheeling, dead. Our fellow-citizens, Mr. Aaron Valentine, city Councilman of the 4th Ward, was badly scalded, his wife slightly, and his child to death. Jane Ranaharn and child dead, from Cumberland, Alleghany county. George Street from Frankfort, Pa., and Washington Bishop, from Maryland, scalded, but not badly.

BOBBING FOR WHALE.—In the course of the week past, three sloops went out of this port in pursuit of sundry leviathans disporting in the neighborhood, and have all returned, each with a slight mishap. The first sprung her mast, in hoisting in one of the big fishes; but got oil enough to pay for a new one—the second lost her mainsail, and came back for another —and the third had her boat stove, after having made fast to a pretty considerable hump-backed whale. They are all refitted, and will try their luck again. A schooner also sailed yesterday on the same errand. —*Nantucket Enquirer.*

MAKING MONEY.—Sir Astley Cooper, a celebrated London Surgeon, was recently called 130 miles from London to give advice. On arriving at the place he examined the case, and said—"the treatment is good." He was absent but a little more than a day. His bill was 300 guineas, equal to 1500 dollars.

The examination of young Marcy was commenced at East Cambridge yesterday, and closed this morning. The evidence against him as a participator was clear, and he was accordingly fully committed for trial.—*Boston Trans.*

*** The first volume of "The Man," (300 pages) may be had at the office, or of the carriers, price 75 cents. A few sets, also, of the present volume may be had. The present volume will end with this month, and the next with the year.

MARRIAGES.

August 25, by the Rev. D. L. Carroll, Mr. Moses Kimball, of Charleston, S. C., to Miss Mary L. Bruce, of Brooklyn, L. I.

DEATHS.

August 26, after a short illness, Miss Sarah Sands, aged 60 years.

August 25, suddenly, Mrs. Eliza Mason, wife of Gregory Mason, in the 19th year of her age.

August 25, at his fathers residence Spring Vale, Baltimore, James Dall jr. aged 21 years and 8 months.

August 22, at the residence of his son, in Bristol, Bucks county, Pa. William S. Hart, Counsellor at Law, aged 66.

August 22, at Delphi, N. Y. after a few hours illness, Mrs. Grace Ann Shankland, wife of Thomas I. Shankland, in this city.

July 24, in Washington Parish, Georgia, Mr. James Gibbons, aged 25 years, late of New York.

August 16, at Cincinnati, Mrs. Rachel, wife of Geo. A. Colton, formerly of Rahway, N. J.

August 17, at Cincinnati, Worham Wheeler, aged 42 years, formerly of Boston, Mass.

August 26, of a billious attack, at his residence, after an illness of several days, the Rev. Henry Hunter, Pastor.

August 27, of Bilious cholic, Mrs. Elizabeth Howe, of Woodbridge, N. J. in the 89th year of her age.

August 26, at Poughkeepsie, Mrs. Catharine Ann Coddington, in the 46th year of her age.

MARINE INTELLIGENCE

ARRIVED

Ship Ontario, Sebor, London, and Portsmouth July 22.
Ship Victoria, Morrell, fm Liverpool, July 27.
Brig Adamant, Elliot, 16 ds fm Matanzas.
Brig Splendid, M'Kinsey, Sydney, 12, days.
Brig Susquehannah, Wilson, (of Boston) Newport Wales.
Schrs Rochester, Silliman, Boston.
Schrs Wm. Wallace, Clay, Boston.
Schrs Renown, Lovell, Boston.
Schrs Mohican, Burrows, Boston.
Schrs Oscar, Baker, Boston,
Schrs Tigress, Scudder, and Victor, Atwood, Boston.
Schr Mary Ann, Mitchell, Madison Me.
Sloops Geo. & Eliza, Dartmouth; Splendid, N. London.
Schr Oakhill, Miller 4 ds fm Boston.
Schr Royal George, Kelly, 2 ds fm Wareham.
Schr Richmond Packet, 4 ds fm Salem.
Schr Olive, Etwell, 10 ds fm Bath.
Schr Live Oak, Gorham, 3 ds fm Boston.
Schr Compeer Lincoln, 6 ds fm Eastport.
Sloop James Lamphier, ——, 2 ds fm N. London.

CLEARED,

Brigs Argus, Smith, Rio Grande, H. Haviland; Luna, Morris, Apalachicola, Barclay & Livingston; Solon, Case, Baltimore; York, Nichols, Charleston; Daniel Kelly, Crowell, Eastport—Schrs. Atlantic, Stevens, St. Marks, Fla.; George Washington, Krook, Richmond; Virginia, Bedell, Norfolk; Hitty Tom, Chase, Philadelphia; Amity, Bower, do; Splendid, Hardy, Boston. Tremont, Reed, do.

PASSENGERS.

In the Ontario, from London—Mrs. Ann Phillips & daughter; Messrs J. P. Hood, Wm and Chas. Rodgers, Geo. Colgate, Charles Davis, Charles Tallmadge, Ratcliff Hicks, John Hanson and family, Thos. Young and family, Wm. Burton and lady, Guitham Dussaory, H. Hunt, Thomas Scott, Francis Parrot, Wm. Latham, J. Austin and lady, J. N. Wright, Constant Perron, Maria Gurner, E. Benjumin—and 133 in the steerage.

NO CURE NO PAY.—No. 1 Depeyster, two doors from the corner of 141 Water street, between Maiden Lane and Pine street.

DOCTOR HUNTER, late of the Strand, London, Member of the Royal College of Physicians and Surgeons of London, Honorary Member of the Medical Faculty of Edinburgh and Paris, will engage to cure the following diseases:—Dispepsia, Consumption in its incipient stage, Liver affections, obtinate Ulcers, Piles, Hernia, Strictures, Diseases incident to Females, Nervous Atrophy, Fever and Ague. Also, a certain disease in all its various forms:—the progress of this insidious malady is immediately arrested, the virus neutralized, the constitution protected—all without Mercury. Hours of attendance from 7 A. M. to 10 P. M. au29 1y

WARNER.—Landscape, Room, Sign and Transparency Painter, No 4 Dover street. au27 tf

BATHS.—Rabineau's Floating Baths, one of which is situated at Castle Garden Bridge, and the other foot of Harrison street, North River, are now open for the reception of visiters. au18

JUST RECEIVED, and for sale at this Office, "The Senator Unmasked: being a Letter to Mr. Daniel Webster, on his speech in the Senate of the United States, asking leave to bring in a bill to continue for six years the Charter of the Bank of the United States. By Thomas Brothers, (of Philadelphia.")—Price 12½ cents.

Also, "Gold against Paper; or, Mr. Benton's Wind-up of the Bank."—Price 3 cents. jy 18

THE ANTEDILUVIAN FROG.—This supposed inhabitant of another world, a creature that lived before the flood, and in the time of Noah, died at Brough. It was discovered in July, 1832, imbedded in a solid rock of millstone grit on Stammore, about three miles from Brough, by some workmen who were breaking up the rock for burkling stones. It was found in a cavity eight inches from the surface, and without a seam, rent, or cleft in the rock. When the rock was broken it lept out; and so terrified the man that he fell down through fear, and said "it leuked sae like a black devil." It was presented to Mr. Romney, surgeon, Brough, who put it into a tub containing water, grass and leaves; it was also carniverous, and would devour earth worms, flies, &c. Here it continued lively and active for some months; but we presume, after taking a survey of this world, and finding it so much worse than that in which it lived more than 4000 years ago, it had no longer any inclination to stay among us—it sickened, drooped, and died; and Mr. Romney has embalmed the body of this wonderful creature.—*Westmoreland Gaz.*

The surface of England has been stated, by official authority, at thirty-seven millions of acres. About half a million is occupied by roads; and if we also make an allowance for waters,—natural and artificial, &c.,—we may probably have to deduct two millions from the part which forms the proper subject of agriculture. "Of this," Mr. Young observes, "half is under the plough, and half devoted to pasturage." He and Mr. Comber agree in supposing upwards of three millions to be in wheat. In barley, Mr. Young supposes nearly three millions; Mr. Comber only one million; the latter estimante manifestly too small—the first probably too large. Both suppose about three millions in oats and beans.—*Murray's Encyclopedia of Geography.*

General Bertrand, the friend of Napoleon, in addressing his constituents during the late elections in France, says, "from the south to the north, from the provinces of the west to the departments of the east, in the hamlets and in the cities, these words, *abolition of privileges* ought to be repeated in all France by every mouth, engraved in every heart, inscribed on every banner."

Working Man's Advocate.

☞ Seeing that great efforts are being made by the TORY-WIGS to circulate their leading papers (particularly the Courier & Enquirer and the Albany Evening Journal) throughout the state, *at a reduced price*, PREPARATORY TO THE FALL ELECTIONS- it has been suggested to us to state that a large DEMOCRATIC paper of the above title is issued from the office of the (daily) MAN every Saturday, which contains nearly all the matter published in the Man during the week, at the rate of Two Dollars a year, or One Dollar for six months, in advance.

For One Dollar, therefore, persons in the country may be furnished, from now till after the fall elections, with a paper containing all the passing news of interest, a variety of literary extracts, and a mass of political matter necessary to enable them to exercise the right of suffrage at the approaching elections to the best advantage.

The WORKING MAN'S ADVOCATE is securely wrapped and carefully directed to any part of the United States. The postage to any part of this state one cent; out of the state (if over 100 miles) one cent and a half. The paper has been published nearly 5 years, and has a circulation at the present time of *Fifteen Hundred.*

*** Editors of country papers to whom the above advertisement is sent marked, and who will give it at least three conspicous insertions, will receive the MAN daily until the 1st of January next.

N. B. No. 3 Vol. VI. of the Working Man's Advocate will be published on Saturday next, (Aug. 31.)

INSURANCE OF LETTERS.

☞ Money sent by Mail to any Post Office in the United States, or the British North American Provinces, will be insured by application to B. BATES, at the New York Post Office. Ample security is given for the repayment of the money, if lost.

RATES OF INSURANCE.

$25 and under,	$0 50 cents.
50 do.	75
100 do.	1 00
1000 ¾ per cent.	
2000 ½ do.	
5000 ¼ do.	

Any sum above $5000, such premium as may be agreed on.
my17 tf

☞ A few extra copies of this paper containing the *Declaration of Independence* and the *Constitution of the United States*, are for sale at our office.

PRINTING.—Book and Job Printing, of every description at No. 6 Thames street near Broadway, by G. H. Evans

OLD PAPERS.—A considerable quantity for sale at the office of the Working Man's Advocate. jy23

SWEET'S PATENT PORTABLE OVEN, *for Baking over Charcoal Furnaces.*—This OVEN has been extensively introduced, and has ever been proved to be a most valuable improvement for baking meat, bread pies, &c. as attested by competent judges in the boarding and victualling houses and private families wherever it has been used. It is confidently believed that no improvement of the kind has ever been offered to the public which will bake at so small an expense of fuel, and with so much convenience and expedition. Sold by
W. H. SWEET, manufacturer and proprietor, at his Tin and Sheet Iron Factory, 204 Canal street, corner of Hudson, New York. je17 tf

COBBETT'S WORKS.—English editions of the following publications of William Cobbett, have been received, for sale, at the office of the Working Man's Advocate, No. 6 Thames street:

American Gardener,	Ride in France,
Guide to Emigrants,	Woodland,
Cottage Economy,	Poor Man's Friend,
Manchester Lectures,	Rural Rides,
French Grammar,	English Grammar,
O'Callagan on Usury,	Paper against Gold,
Reformation, (2 vols. 8vo.)	Letters from France
Year's Residence in America,	Treatise on Corn.
Advice to Young Men,	Twopenny Trash, (bound.)

History of the Reign and Regency of George IV.
REGISTER, (5 vols.) from April 1831, to June 1832. mh11

UNITED STATES CLOTHES DRESSING ESTABLISHMENT, 128 Broadway 2 doors below Congress Hall. LOINES & POERSCHEKE respectfully inform their friends and the public, that they have commenced business at the above stand, where they will attend to cleaning and dressing Clothes by Steam, upon an entire new plan, and will warrant them, (if not too much worn,) to appear equal to new.

POERSCHEKE, from Poland, from his practical knowledge of this business, in England, France, Spain, Germany and Russia, can assure those, who will favor them with their custom, that they will be convinced of their superior skill and ability in the business of Clothes cleaning, dressing and repairing.

This business has heretofore been neglected in this country. The public are now informed, that on application to LOINES and POERSCHEKE, their commands will be promptly answered, and the work done to their entire satisfaction. je26tf

PIANO FORTE WAREHOUSE.—ROBERT NUNNS CLARK, & Co., late R. & W. NUNNS, respectfully inform their friends and the public, that they have always on hand an assortment of cabinet, harmonic, and square Piano Fortes, from their manufac ory, at their warehouse, No. 137 Broadway, two doors north of the City Hotel.

The extensive sale which the Instruments of their manufacture have had throughout the United States for some years, has made them so well known as to preclude the necessity of saying any thing with regard to the quality of the instruments bearing their name; they can only add, that the result of many years' experience in this branch of manufacture, added to the extended scale, they are prepared to carry it on, will enable them to offer advantages to purchazers equal to any other house in this Union

Orders from the country punctually attended to, and old Piano Fortes taken in exchange. my24

DAVID B. COOK & C. MORRIS, MERCHANT TAILORS, No. 44 Fulton street, 3 doors from Pearl street, New York.

N. B.—Southern and Northern Merchants' and all other orders thankfully received, and punctually attended to. Clothes cut and made in the most fashionable style and warranted to fit; also military work executed in superior style. The public are respectfully invited to call and examine for themselves. Ladies' Cloth CLOAKS cut and made, spunged and pressed. jy9 tf

LOCKS, GUNS, BELLS, &c.—JOSEPH ROSE, Jr. Lock and Gun Smith and Bell Hanger, 80 Catherine street, near Oak street, New York.—Rifles and Guns of all descriptions made to order. Guns stocked, polished, altered to percussion, &c. Ships supplied with arms and ammunition. Military Companies furnished with Guns. LOCKS made and repaired. HOUSE BELLS hung in the neatest manner. A general assortment of Gans, Pistols, Sportsmen's Articles, &c. &c. au1

TAILORING.—JAMES YOUNG, Merchant Tailor, No. 295 Division street, respectfully informs his numerous friends and Customers, and the Public in general, that he continues to make Coats, Vests, and Pantaloons, at the following reduced prices, viz.

COATS made and trimmed for from $6 00 to $8 00
PANTALOONS and VESTS . . . . 1 50 to 1 75

The articles will be all of superior workmanship and *warranted to fit.* my24

WORKS ON THE CURRENCY.—For sale at the office of this paper, and by Edward Earle, Paterson, N. J.

Gouge's American Banking System,	Price $1 00
Cobbett's Paper against Gold,	75
Hale's "Useful Knowledge for the Producers," &c.	18¾
Roosevelt's "Mode of Protecting Domestic Industry," &c.	20

jy 18

MANIFOLD WRITER.—J. GILCRIEST manufactures and keeps for sale this convenient and useful article, at his establishment, 102 Broadway, New York, where the public are invited to call and examine the article for themselves. Orders from the country promptly attended to.

N. B. This apparatus, for simplicity and despatch surpasses all other ordes of writing when copies are wanted. je20

JUST RECEIVED, and for sale at the office of the Working Man's Advocate, No. 6 Thames street, the Speech of Andrew Dunlap in defence of Abner Kneeland, on his late Trial for Blasphemy! Price reduced to 37½ cents. jy 14

LIFE OF JEFFERSON, with selections from his Private Correspondence. Just received and for sale at the office of this paper. Price $1 00 je2

COLUMBIAN WATER COLORS, for Miniature and Landscape Painting, the manufacture of J. Bostes, Chemist.—PRENTISS & PENDELTON, exclusive wholesale agents for the manufacturer, sign of the Golden Rose, No. 45 Maiden lane, New York.

NEAT MAHOGANY BOXES, WITH SLIDING TOPS.

6 rows, 36 colors,	doz.	$62 00	3 rows, 18 colors,	doz.	$32 00
5 do. 30 do.	"	52 00	2 do. 12 do.	"	22 00
4 do. 24 do.	"	42 00	1 do. 6 do.	"	12 00

Fine Carmine, in Cake and Powder, for Miniature and Poonah Painting, manufactured by J. Boston, the only manufacturer of Carmine and Lake, *from the raw material*, in the United States.

For proof of the decided superiority of the Columbian Colors, over all others now in nse in this country, dealers in them are respectfully referred to the Synopsis of Certificates of our most eminent artists. Handsome show bills, containing these Certificates at full length, will be furnishe dto purchasers.

WOOLLEY'S PATENT PREMIUM BEDSTEADS. Persons desirous of purchasing Bedsteads, whether the sofa, chair sideboard, counter, or ordinary, will find it to their material advantage to call and examine those manufactured at the corner of Broadway and Whitestreet, by E. S. WOOLLEY. The ordinary Bedsteads of his manufacture have sacking bottoms so constructed as to be tightened with a key—an invention universally pronounced superior to any other plan for the sacking bottom Bedsteads. The Cot Bedsteads are of equal finish and pleasing appearance with the ordinary bedsteads; have sackings similarly constructed with them, and can be taken down at will with the utmost ease and rapidity. Woolley's Sofa Bedsteads, for beauty, durability, economy and accommodation, defy competition—they will contain a durable sacking bottom bedstead, with bed and bedding, without the least injury to their beauty or use as a parlor sofa. These bedsteads have been considered of such decided superiority, as to uniformly receive the first premiums at the last three successive anniversaries of the American Institute. Attention is respectfully invited to the "Chair Bedstead," invented for the accommodation of the sick. This invention has proved so successful as to receive the general approbation of the Medical Profession, and is of such great benefit to persons confined to the bed, that it is believed every family would avail themselves of its use if they would but call and examine its utility. More explicit description is deemed needless, as persons wishing to purchase will call and examine for themselves, and the proprietor is confident that all, upon observation, will be convinced of the advantage in economy and comfort to be derived from Bedsteads of his manufacture. my24

TO PRINTERS, BOOKSELLERS, & PUBLISHERS.—CONNER & COOKE, Type and Steretotype Founders, and Publishers, offer for sale, at the corner of Nassau and Ann streets, New York, Printing Types, at six months credit, or 7½ per cent. deduction for cash at the price affixed.

Their Type will be found as perfect, and made of as good materials, at least, as that manufactured at any other establishment; it is nearly all of an entire *new cut*; is lighter faced than any other exhibited, and will consequently *wear longer*, look better, take less ink and less labor in working than most other type.

Diamond per lb. $2; Pearl $1,40; Nonpariel 90; Minion 70; Brevier 56; Burgeois 46; Long Primmer 40; Small Pica 38; Pica and English 36; Great Primer 34; Double Pica 32; Six line Pica and all larger 30.

Leads of every thickness and size constantly on hand; cuts of every description on metallic bodies; Presses, and all other articles necessary for a printing office furnished to order.

Printers can be supplied with second hand type which has only been used for stereotyping, on very favorable terms.

Old type received in exchange at $9 per 100 pounds.

N. B. Stereotype of every description will be thankfully received, and attended to with correctness and despatch. my2

DIARRHŒA, OR BOWEL COMPLAINT, AND CHOLERA MORBUS.—A specific which effects a cure of either of the above disorders, generally in one or two hours, is sold by George D. Coggeshall, Druggist, general agent for New York, No. 521 Pearl street, corner of Rose street; R. P. Tanner & Co., corner of Broadway and Grand street; E. C. & R. E. Moss, corner of Grand and Cannon streets; and H. N. Gamble, No. 91 Bowery. Price, 25 cents per bottle, which cures from 2 to 5 cases.

This medicine has been used in several thousand cases, and it is believed not to have failed to give immediate relief in one of an hundred. It is equally efficacious in the disorders of adults and children. It is of importance that the medicine be used in the early stage of the disease, if practicable. Where it has been so used, it has not been known to fail of success.

Families and travellers, at this season, will find it advantageous to be provided against sudden attacks. 24tfmy

CITIZENS' AND STRANGERS' COMMERCIAL BULLETIN OFFICE, FREE READING ROOM, AND NEWSPAPER AGENCY OFFICE, No. 95 Mercaderes street, opposite the Exchange, Havana.—Captains of vessels and strangers are respectfully invited to visit this establishment, where files of newspapers and price currents of latest dates from the United States, Europe, &c., are open for perusal. Also, a Bulletin, affording information of the arrival and departure of vessels, and other necessary intelligence. Subscriptions and collections for Newspapers and Periodicals attended to. my24

N. B Editors of papers favorable to the above will insert it gratis.

P. S. Donations of papers, &c. thankfully received and accepted from captains and others.

JOSE CASTELLANO BENEFIEL & CO., Havana.
my24

GOUGE ON BANKING.—A new supply, just received at 6 Thames street je2

THE MAN is published by GEORGE H. EVANS, at the office of the WORKING MAN'S ADVOCATE, No. 6 Thames street, near the City Hotel, Broadway.

AGENTS—George Dunn, Newark; Edward Earle, Paterson; Michael Kennedy, Hartford, Conn.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

One square, a year,	$30 00	One square, a month,	$3 00
" 6 months,	15 00	" 2 weeks,	2 00
" 3 months,	7 50	1 week,	1 50
" 2 months,	5 00	" 1 time,	75

☞ All advertisements (except yearly) to be paid for in advance. A square is 16 lines.